Quantum Confinement of Electron–Phonon Coupling in Graphene Quantum Dots

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On the basis of first-principles calculations and the special displacement method, we demonstrate the quantum confinement scaling law of the phonon-induced gap renormalization of graphene quantum dots (GQDs) [1]. We employ zigzag-edged GQDs with hydrogen passivation and embedded in hexagonal boron nitride. Our calculations for GQDs in the sub-10 nm region reveal strong quantum confinement of the zero-point renormalization ranging from 20 to 250 meV. To obtain these values we introduce a correction to the Allen–Heine theory of temperature-dependent energy levels that arises from the phonon-induced splitting of 2-fold degenerate edge states. This correction amounts to more than 50% of the gap renormalization. We also present momentum resolved spectral functions of GQDs, which are not reported in previous contributions. Our results lay the foundation to systematically engineer temperature-dependent electronic structures of GQDs for applications in solar cells, electronic transport, and quantum computing devices.

[1] M. Zacharias and P. C. Kelires, J. Phys. Chem. Lett. 2021, 12, 9940-9946.